Noseworthy Financial Services

Schedule C – Issuing 1099's Disclosure Form 2012

What you must know when you own a Business

Independent Contractor (Self-Employed) or Employee?

It is critical that business owners correctly determine whether the individuals providing services are employees or independent contractors.

Generally, you must withhold income taxes, withhold and pay Social Security and Medicare taxes, and pay unemployment tax on wages paid to an employee. You do not generally have to withhold or pay any taxes on payments to independent contractors.

Select the Scenario that Applies to You:

- I am an independent contractor or in business for myself
 If you are a business owner or contractor who provides services to other businesses, then you are generally considered self-employed. For more information on your tax obligations if you are self-employed (an independent contractor), see our <u>Self-Employed Tax Center</u>.
- I hire or contract with individuals to provide services to my business
 If you are a business owner hiring or contracting with other individuals to provide services, you must determine whether the individuals providing services are employees or independent contractors. Follow the rest of this page to find out more about this topic and what your responsibilities are.

Determining Whether the Individuals Providing Services are Employees or Independent Contractors

Before you can determine how to treat payments you make for services, you must first know the business relationship that exists between you and the person performing the services. The person performing the services may be -

- An independent contractor
- An employee (common-law employee)
- A statutory employee
- A statutory nonemployee

In determining whether the person providing service is an employee or an independent contractor, all information that provides evidence of the degree of control and independence must be considered.

Common Law Rules

Facts that provide evidence of the degree of control and independence fall into three categories:

- 1. Behavioral: Does the company control or have the right to control what the worker does and how the worker does his or her job?
- 2. <u>Financial</u>: Are the business aspects of the worker's job controlled by the payer? (these include things like how worker is paid, whether expenses are reimbursed, who provides tools/supplies, etc.)
- 3. <u>Type of Relationship</u>: Are there written contracts or employee type benefits (i.e. pension plan, insurance, vacation pay, etc.)? Will the relationship continue and is the work performed a key aspect of the business?

Businesses must weigh all these factors when determining whether a worker is an employee or independent contractor. Some factors may indicate that the worker is an employee, while other factors indicate that the worker is an independent contractor. There is no "magic" or set number of factors that "makes" the worker an employee or an independent contractor, and no one factor stands alone in making this determination. Also, factors which are relevant in one situation may not be relevant in another.

Form SS-8

If, after reviewing the three categories of evidence, it is still unclear whether a worker is an employee or an independent contractor, Form SS-8, Determination of Worker Status for Purposes of Federal Employment Taxes and Income Tax Withholding (PDF) can be filed with the IRS. The form may be filed by either the business or the worker. The IRS will review the facts and circumstances and officially determine the worker's status.

Noseworthy Financial Services

note: This page contains one or more references to the Internal Revenue Code (IRC)

Noseworthy Financial Services

Small Business Client Disclosure

My signature below indicates that I agree that:

1. I have been given the form entitled FORM # C-1099

This form gives me the tools to review what responsibilities I have to be self-employed. It has references to some IRS websites that explain many rules and regulations, including Employee vs. Subcontractor

- 2. I have received the packet called: Filing a Schedule C
- 3. I have been given forms to help separate expenses and to track them.

PLEASE BE SURE TO SIGN BELOW AND BRING IT IN TO HAVE YOUR TAX

RETURN PREPARED

Schedule C – Issuing 1099's Disclosure Form 2012

I have read the statement regarding subcontractors and employees, and my responsibility

to issue 1099-M forms

Owner:			
Date:			